Foliar Speedfol® Kali SP increased cotton Lint Yield (+28\%) and net income (+157\%) in Mexico

To assess the response of cotton to foliar fertilizations with Speedfol ${ }^{\circledR}$ Kali SP $(12,2 \%$ $\left.\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{NO}_{3}-, 42,5 \% \mathrm{~K}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 0,9 \% \mathrm{~B}\right)$ a field test was held in order to evaluate the effect of three doses of Speedfol ${ }^{\mathrm{Tm}}$ Kali SP on cotton yields. The test was performed in Block 1401 of the locality Valle del Yaqui, Sonora State, Mexico. The tested cotton cultivar was Stonville, sown on 15/03/2011.

The irrigations, moments of fertilization and applied quantities of fertilizers were similar for all treatments (Table 1). To assess the soil characteristics, a soil fertility analysis was performed before sowing (Table 2 ). The actual treatments and the application dates are described in Table 3.

Table 1. Irrigations and applied fertilisers to the cotton crop.

| Irrigation Riego | $\mathbf{W S}^{\mathbf{W}} \mathbf{L R}^{*}(\mathrm{~cm})$ | Growth Stage Etapa Cultivo | Fertiliser Fertilizante | Dose (kg/ha) <br> Dosis (kg/há) | N | $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10 | Plant with 9 to 10 nodes Planta con 9 a 10 nudos | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 15 | First bloom Inicio floración | Ammonia (gas) Amoniaco (gas) | 100 | 82 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 15 | Maximum bloom Máxima floración | Ammonia (gas) Amoniaco (gas) | 150 | 123 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | 15 | End of squaring Fin cuadreo | Ammonia (gas) Amoniaco (gas) | 100 | 82 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | 15 | Formation of the first bolls Formación de primeros capullos | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| *WS: water sheet - LR: laminar de riego |  |  |  | Totals - Totales | 287 | 0 | 0 |

Table 2. Soil fertility analysis (0-30 cm).

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| Parameter <br> Parámetro | Unit Unidad | Value Valor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Texture - Textura |  | Clay loam Franco-arcillosa |
| CEC - ClC | meq/ 100 g | 42,14 |
| Organic matter - Materia orgánica | \% | 1,6 |
| pH-pH |  | 7,67 |
| EC-CE | $\mathrm{mS} / \mathrm{cm}$ | 2,05 |
| Nitrates - Nitratos | ppm | 36 |
| Olsen phosphorus - Fósforo Olsen | ppm | 8,4 |
| Calcium - Calcio | $\mathrm{meq} / 100 \mathrm{~g}$ | 30,44 |
| Potassium - Potasio | $\mathrm{meq} / 100 \mathrm{~g}$ | 2,4 |
| Magnesium - Magnesio | $\mathrm{meq} / 100 \mathrm{~g}$ | 7,81 |
| Sodium - Sodio | $\mathrm{meq} / 100 \mathrm{~g}$ | 1,48 |
| Iron - Fierro | ppm | 4,6 |
| Zinc - Zinc | ppm | 1,2 |
| Copper - Cobre | ppm | 6,6 |
| Manganese - Manganeso | ppm | 5,1 |
| Boron - Boro | ppm | 0,41 |

Table 3. Treatments and application dates.

| Application <br> date <br> Fecha de <br> aplicación | Moment of application <br> (Days) <br> Momento de aplicación <br> (Dias) | Speedfolm Kali SP <br> (kg/spray/ha- <br> kg/aplic./há) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | To | T1 | T2 | T3 |
| $25 / 06 / 2011$ | 0 | 0,0 | 12,5 | 18,8 | 25,0 |
| $02 / 07 / 2011$ | 7 | 0,0 | 12,5 | 18,8 | 25,0 |
| $09 / 07 / 2011$ | 14 | 0,0 | 12,5 | 18,8 | 25,0 |
| $16 / 07 / 2011$ | 21 | 0,0 | 12,5 | 18,8 | 25,0 |

The studied foliar fertilization variants consisted of 4 treatments arranged in a completely randomized block design with 5 replications. The plots were 5 meters long
by 0.9 meters wide. The treatments were manually applied with a knapsack sprayer with a capacity of 15 liters. The applications of the treatments started at first bloom with an interval of approximately 7 days, and ended at the formation of the first bolls growth stage. Manual harvesting of the test field took place on 07/09/2011 after applying the desiccant to the crop.

Agronomic analysis and economic results: ANOVA statistically significantly showed an increase of the cotton lint yield ( $P=0.01$ ) as a result of foliar treatments with Speedfol ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ Kali SP as compared to the control treatment.

The regression formula in Figure 1 clearly shows that the maximum cotton lint yield of $1.357 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{ha}$ was obtained by applying 15 kg of Speedfol ${ }^{\text {Tm }}$ Kali SP/ha. On average, the non-treated plots generated $1.062 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{ha}$; the difference between the maximum yield and the non-treated plot being $295 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{ha}$ ( $28 \%$ more lint yield).

