

Potassium nitrate sprays doubled the yield of citrus trees affected by HLB

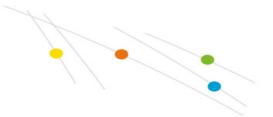
Previously published research leaves no doubt that potassium nitrate is the preferred K-source to improve fruit set and fruit development in citrus, by foliar applications of potassium nitrate. This has been proved in many trials, as can be seen from at least 17 publications on this topic. Additionally potassium nitrate is known to increase the plant's resistance towards diseases (Holwerda & Carruth, 2010).

A new study, conducted in Florida, USA has revealed a new added benefit of using potassium nitrate in citrus: mitigation of severe potential damage caused by a vectored bacterial infection (Rouse & Roka, 2015). This five year study (2008-2012) concluded that three potassium nitrate sprays at 25 kg per ha per spray, applied during the three vegetative growth flushes in March, June and September, resulted in greatest net income increase of on average 770 US\$/acre/year (1925 US\$/ha/year) in Citrus Greening Disease (HLB) affected orchards.

HLB (HuangLongBing, or Citrus Greening Disease) is a bacterial disease that causes large economic damage and is one of the main threats to citrus growing countries in the world. It was first confirmed in Florida in 2005 and had spread to all citrus producing counties by 2009.

The putative culprit, a pathogenic bacterium (Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus), can move so rapidly because it is vectored by citrus psyllids and because of the delay between infection and display of symptoms. Infected trees can remain undetected for several years without expressing symptoms, but functioning effectively as a source of inoculum. Once active, the bacteria colonize the vascular system of the tree, causing





a steep decline in productivity and eventually the tree dies within a couple of years. Affected trees show HLB symptomatic leaves throughout the year and become visibly yellow and chlorotic during the fall and winter. HLB blotchy mottle leaf symptoms resemble micronutrient deficiencies. So far, there is no cure for citrus greening disease.

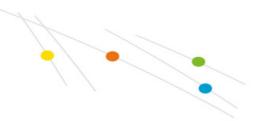
In 2008, a trial was established by the University of Florida (IFAS/ SWFREC) in their heavily HLB-infested orchard in Immokalee. Objective was to confirm spectacular results obtained with a cocktail of nutrients and biostimulants by a grower in southwest Florida, Maury Boyd, and to identify the efficacy of separate components in the cocktail: KNO_3 , macronutrients (3-18-20), micronutrients (Mn, Zn, Mo, B) and a selection of products inducing systemic acquired resistance (SAR) to stress (Phosphorous acid (H_3PO_3), Salicylic acid and/or Bacillus subtilis).

 ${
m KNO_3}$ was applied stand-alone or in combination with other components. All treatments containing ${
m KNO_3}$ doubled the yield compared to the control. Although there were some mixes that added to the yield more than straight ${
m KNO_3}$, it was concluded that a stand-alone application of ${
m KNO_3}$ earned the highest net gains when costs of the whole nutritional program were considered. Straight ${
m KNO_3}$ or Maury Boyd's nutrient cocktail comprising ${
m KNO_3}$ enabled the plant to produce new phloem (the plant's nutrient carrying vascular tissue) to compensate for veins infested with HLB, and to remain mostly free of HLB disease symptoms. This translated into larger yields and grower's income, compared to trees that did not receive ${
m KNO_3}$ -containing nutrient sprays.

Table 1. Net gain in yield and income for grower relative to the growers standard before HLB infection. The net income gain is derived by subtraction of the added costs for the treatments from the added rever

sqmnutrition.com





from the yield gain, using the following assumptions: 150 trees/acre; 5,6 pound solids per box; \$1,70 per pound solids delivered in-price; \$3,00 per box to harvest and haul.

Standard Program Programa Estándar	Cumulative Net income gain after 5 years Aumento en ingreso neto \$/acre	Yield gain Aumento en rendimiento 5 year total box/acre
KNO₃	\$3.884	667
Micro+Macro+H ₃ PO ₃	\$3.472	848
Micro+KNO ₃ +H ₃ PO ₃	\$2.239	648
Micro+KNO ₃ +H ₃ PO ₃	\$2.239	537
SAR+KNO ₃	\$1.797	426
Micro+Maco+H₃PO₃+SAR	\$1.629	639
Macro+H ₃ PO ₃ +SAR	\$1.564	587
Micro+Macro+H ₃ PO ₃ +SAR+H ₂ O ₂	\$1.110	592
Macro+H ₃ PO ₃	-\$(458)	203
Pre-HLB growers standard summer oils with micros Antes-HLB productor estándar aceites de verano con micro	\$3.472	848